## WU-Jubiläumsstiftung Geförderte Projekte 2022 bis 2024

Antragsteller/in Institut	Projekttitel und Abstract
Melis Kartal (Department of	"Belief in (Fake) News"
Économics)	Our project is a large-scale study investigating the role of cognitive ability, overconfidence, motivated reasoning (due to partisanship, prior issue opinions, and ideology), and social influence in the processing of (mis)information.
<b>Johanna Palcu</b> (Institut für Marketing Management)	"It takes a broken record to mend the planet! Nudging consumers to sustainable actions (i.e. CO2 offsetting) through elements of gamification"
	The current project proposes a novel intervention strategy to address the "attitude-behavior gap" in the context of carbon offsetting.
Frantisek Tuma	"Interactions in meetings in a multinational company"
(Institute for Slavic Languages, Department of Foreign Language Business Communication)	This project aims at uncovering some of the aspects of the interactional architecture of internal meetings in multinational companies.
Christoph Huber	"Information avoidance and deception in financial risk-taking"
(Institute for Markets and Strategy)	The project addresses biases in financial risk-taking, such as the disposition effect and information avoidance, but also deception and (dis)honesty in financial advice, and will guide policymaking in financial regulation.
Katrin Hummel	"The effects of the EU Non-Financial Reproting Directive on
(Institute for Accounting & Auditing / Accounting & Reporting Group)	<b>bank lending</b> " In this project, we examine the effects of the adoption of the EU Non- Financial Reporting Directive (NFRD) on the lending behavior of banks in scope of the reporting mandate. More precisely, we investigate whether banks in scope of the NFRD have changed their loan pricing and loan amounts with respect to environmentally sensitive sectors following the directive's implementation relative to those that are not in scope.
Victor Wegner Maus (Institute for Ecological	"Global deforestation impacts of Europe's metal and coal consumption"
Economics)	We will develop and test a pilot model to understand the global deforestation driven by the European demand for metals and coal. We will use satellite data products to measure mining land use and deforestation and link them to the global supply chains using the multi-regional input-output database GLORIA.
Claudia Wutscher (IOER)	"Automating the Rule of Law: Role and Potential of Legal Tech for Access to Justice"
	The project explores the role of Legal Tech in enhancing Access to Justice and the Rule of Law. In analysing specific use-cases, it aims to identify opportunities and limitations within the legal framework, including the Austrian constitutional and human rights law, for the application of Legal Tech in public administration and the judiciary.
Siham El Kihal (Institute for AI in	"Toward the Point of No Return: Breaking the Cycle of Multi- Item Ordering Habits"
Marketing Analytics)	The project addresses the economic and ecological impacts of excessive product returns driven by multi-item ordering (MIO) habits,

	where customers routinely order multiple items of a product to choose
Stefan Giljum (Institute for Ecological	from. <b>``Future-Proof Energy Technologies: Assessing Supply Chain</b> <b>Vulnerability to Climate Risks (FUTUREPROOF)</b> "
Economics)	The FUTUREPROOF project aims to identify the most climate-resilient renewable energy technologies using a novel energy supply chain model. By conducting technology-specific vulnerability analyses, the project will facilitate informed energy technology choices that support the EU's energy transition, emphasizing both climate change mitigation and adaptation.
Simon Heß (Department of Economics)	"Kinship networks, local elections, and female representation" Construction of a detailed dataset on kinship networks in Nepal, and analysis of the impact of kinship ties on the selection and success of political candidates in local elections. Further, the project aims to lay the groundwork for a grant proposal to study the role of kinship networks in economic and political processes.